## Key Results

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| * The English Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2015 replaces the Indices of Deprivation 2010 as the government’s official measure of deprivation in England. * The ID 2015 measures relative levels of deprivation across England by Lower Layer Super Output Areas (LSOAs). The LSOA ranked 1 in the ID 2015 is the most deprived and that ranked 32,844 is the least deprived. * Measures of deprivation are also produced for higher geographies including Local Authorities, Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCGs) and Local Enterprise Partnerships (LEPs). |

**IMD Links**

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| * [**Northumberland Knowledge- ID 2015**](http://www.northumberland.gov.uk/Campaigns/Knowledge/Places/The-indices-of-deprivation.aspx) | * [**ID 2015 - National Report**](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/english-indices-of-deprivation-2015-research-report) |
| * [**ID 2015 - Northumberland Full Report**](http://www.northumberland.gov.uk/NorthumberlandCountyCouncil/media/Northumberland-Knowledge/NK%20place/Indices%20of%20deprivation/Northumberland-ID-2015.pdf) | * [**ID 2015 Guidance Document**](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/464430/English_Index_of_Multiple_Deprivation_2015_-_Guidance.pdf) |
| * [**ID 2015 - Northumberland Data**](http://www.northumberland.gov.uk/NorthumberlandCountyCouncil/media/Northumberland-Knowledge/NK%20place/Indices%20of%20deprivation/NorthumberlandID2015DataForWebsite.xlsx) | * [**ID 2015 Infographic**](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/464431/English_Index_of_Multiple_Deprivation_2015_-_Infographic.pdf) |
| * [**ID 2015 - DCLG**](https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/english-indices-of-deprivation-2015) | * [**ID 2015 Data Explorer and Interactive Maps**](http://dclgapps.communities.gov.uk/imd/idmap.html) |

## Background to the Indices of Deprivation 2015

The English Indices of Deprivation (ID) 2015 replaces the Indices of Deprivation 2010 as the government’s official measure of deprivation in England. It measures relative levels of deprivation in small areas across England called Lower Layer Super Output Areas (LSOAs). There are 197 LSOAs in Northumberland and 32,844 in England. The LSOA ranked 1 in the ID 2015 is the most deprived and that ranked 32,844 is the least deprived.

The ID 2015 is a group of 10 separate indices each measuring a different aspect of deprivation, the most widely used is the Index of Multiple Deprivation (often referred to as the IMD) which is a combination of 7 domains made up of 37 different indicators which gives an overall picture of deprivation for a given area.

The Indices of Deprivation can be used for a wide range of purposes including:

* identifying areas with high levels of deprivation
* to allow organisations to target limited resources effectively and to identify and tackle inequalities in local areas
* in the past eligibility for funding and grants has been decided based on the results of the Indices of Deprivation
* local communities can use the different indices to set priorities and compare themselves with other areas

## Local Authority Analysis

