10 things you should know about Child Employment



1	The role of the Education Welfare team is to ensure that the local authority fulfils all statutory duties and responsibilities to a high standard for safeguarding children in relation to school attendance, elective home education, children missing education, child employment and performance licensing.
2	Legislation in relation to child employment applies to all children from birth until compulsory education ends at the age of 16. It is designed to ensure a child's welfare is paramount.
3	The youngest age a child can work part-time is 13, except children involved in areas like: television, theatre and modelling. Children working in these areas require a performance licence.
4	There are several restrictions on when and where children are allowed to work. Children are not allowed to work: without an employment permit in places like a factory or industrial site; during school hours, before 7am or after 7pm; for more than one hour before school (unless local bylaws allow it); for more than 4 hours without taking a break of at least 1 hour in most jobs in pubs and betting shops and those prohibited in local bylaws; in any work that may be harmful to their health, well-being or education.

5	There are also special rules which apply during term times and school holiday times. During term time children can only work a maximum of 12 hours a week. This includes: a maximum of 2 hours on school days and Sundays, a maximum of 5 hours on Saturdays for 13 to 14-year-olds, or 8 hours for 15 to 16-year-olds.
6	During school holidays 13 to 14-year-olds are only allowed to work a maximum of 25 hours a week. This includes: a maximum of 5 hours on weekdays and Saturdays; a maximum of 2 hours on Sunday. 15 to 16-year-olds can only work a maximum of 35 hours a week. This includes: a maximum of 8 hours on weekdays and Saturdays; a maximum of 2 hours on Sunday.
7	Licences are issued by the local authority in which the employment is to take place. Checks are made to ensure compliance with regulations. The local authority may refuse, or revoke a work permit if: the child does not attend at school, they are frequently late for school, their school work suffers because of the employment, their health suffers because of the employment, the employment is, or becomes, unlawful.
8	Local bylaws list the jobs that children can't do. If a job is on this list, a child under the minimum school leaving age can't do this work. Local bylaws may also have other restrictions on working hours, conditions of work and the type of employment.
9	Licence information and applications are available at; www.northumberland.gov.uk or contact educationwelfare@northumberland.gov.uk
10	We are always happy to discuss any queries you may have. Call us on 01670 622800.
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	Education Welfare in the Virtual School