

# Public Health Q4 2021/22

Indicator	Comment	Frequency	Result	Target	Status	Short Trend	Long Trend
% women not smoking at time of delivery	Smoking during pregnancy can cause serious pregnancy-related problems such as increased risk of miscarriage, premature birth, still-birth, low birth weight, and sudden unexpected death in infancy. Collecting data on women's smoking status at the time of delivery (SATOD) is designed to provide a measure of the prevalence of smoking among women at the time of giving birth at a local level. We are reporting the number of women known to not smoke at the time of delivery.	Quarterly	89.65	88	<span style="color: green;">●</span>	<span style="color: red;">↘</span>	<span style="color: grey;">●</span>
Breastfeeding prevalence (%)	Breastfeeding uptake and continuation remains a stubborn challenge. It is important to promote and support mothers to sustain breastfeeding as long as possible to protect the health of both mother and child	Quarterly	42.05	38	<span style="color: green;">●</span>	<span style="color: green;">↗</span>	<span style="color: green;">↗</span>
Children receiving 2 - 2.5 year review (%)	The 2.5 year review is a crucial assessment of children's developmental status ensuring that children who are under thresholds are offered early help and support to resolve issues. High uptake is therefore essential to give us assurance that measures are in place to screen children effectively. The recognised tools are being fully implemented and integrated passports with early years settings fully operational.	Quarterly	92.14	90	<span style="color: green;">●</span>	<span style="color: red;">↘</span>	<span style="color: green;">↗</span>
New diagnosed Chlamydia rate (#)	Young People are disproportionately affected by rates of Sexually Transmitted Infections. This measure refers to chlamydia diagnoses found through proactive screening services. Increasing detection rates mean screening programmes are finding more infections which would have otherwise gone undetected. Proactive screening services such as the Chlamydia Screening Programme are often linked to outreach facilities and community services which have been closed during lockdown or have had restricted opening hours. This has limited the availability of proactive screening programmes and reduced the number of individuals accessing services. As services open back up we are seeing a gradual increase in access. The situation is monitored as part of local contractual arrangements with the service.	Quarterly	1047.29	1,800	<span style="color: red;">●</span>	<span style="color: green;">↗</span>	<span style="color: green;">↗</span>
Successful treatments - alcohol (%)	This indicator measures re-presentations to substance misuse treatment services by individuals who have completed alcohol treatment. If an individual re-enters the service again within 6 months this does not count as a successful completion. Due to the definitions used in this measure, this quarterly report will include service user activity between 6-18 months ago. The target set is a floor target where the service is expected to maintain performance above the floor target. The service continues to experience very high demand for alcohol treatment. Although the actual numbers leaving successfully are the highest seen in over 5 years, the increasing 'in treatment' population adversely affects the indicator due to the way it is measured. Public Health continues to work closely with the service to identify ways of improving performance while ensuring patient safety.	Monthly	30.75	32.05	<span style="color: orange;">●</span>	<span style="color: grey;">●</span>	<span style="color: green;">↗</span>
Successful treatments - non-opiates (%)	This indicator measures re-presentations to substance misuse treatment services by individuals who have completed alcohol treatment. If an individual re-enters the service again within 6 months this does not count as a successful completion. Due to the definitions used in this measure, this quarterly report will include service user activity between 6-18 months ago. The target set is a floor target where the service is expected to maintain performance above the floor target. Service is achieving it's target.	Monthly	31.85	20.5	<span style="color: green;">●</span>	<span style="color: green;">↗</span>	<span style="color: green;">↗</span>
Successful treatments - opiates (%)	This target measures re-presentations to substance misuse treatment services by individuals who have completed treatment for opiate use. If an individual re-enters the service again within 6 months this does not count as a successful completion. Due to the definitions used in this measure, this quarterly report will include service user activity between 6-18 months ago. Target has been slightly missed. The service continues to experience high demand among the opiate cohort and has retained some of this group in treatment longer to ensure their safety. Public Health is working closely with the service to identify ways of increasing the number of patients who complete successfully.	Monthly	02.99	3	<span style="color: orange;">●</span>	<span style="color: green;">↗</span>	<span style="color: green;">↗</span>